

Sarkar On Law Of Evidence

The Modern Law of Evidence is a lucid treatment of the contemporary law of evidence and is recognised as an unusually clear and comprehensive account of a complex subject. This fifth edition again examines the theory of the law of evidence as well as its practical application, placing the emphasis, wherever possible, on recent discussion and modern aspects of the subject.

M.C. & S.C. Sarkar's Law of Evidence in India and Burma

(India, Pakistan, Burma Et Ceylon).

(India, Pakistan, Burma & Ceylon)

Law of Evidence in India and Burma

In India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Burma and Malaysia : the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (Act No. 1 of 1872) : as Amended by the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2018 (No. 22 of 2018) (w.e.f. 21.4.2018) and The Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019 (Act No. 34 of 2019) (w.e.f, 31.10.2019) : with Special Emphasis on Medical Evidence Alongwith Useful Appendices

"This second Malaysian edition of Sarkar's Law of Evidence is intended to place the Malaysian Evidence Act 1950 within the v regarded scheme of Sarkar's"--Voume 1, page [v].

Sarkar's Law of Evidence in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma and Ceylon

The Law of Evidence in British India

Section 1 to 100

Sarkar Law of Evidence in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma, Ceylon, Malaysia & Singapore

India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma & Ceylon

Sakkar Law of Evidence in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma, Ceylon, Malaysia & Singapore**Sarkar's Law of Evidence in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma & Ceylon****Sarkar Law of Evidence**

Law of evidence : in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma, Ceylon, Malaysia and Singapore : as amended by the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2005 (2 of 2006), the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000) [...]

Sarkar's Law of Evidence (India, Pakistan, Bangladesh & Ceylon)

Being the Indian Evidence Act, 1 of 1872 as Amended Up to Date

As Amended by the Information Technology Act, 2000 and the Indian Evidence (Amendment) Act, 2002 (4 of 2003)