

# The Seven Years War In Europe: 1756 1763 (Modern Wars In Perspective)

***The Seven Years' War (1756-1763) was the decisive conflict of the eighteenth century - Winston Churchill called it the first "world war" - and the clash which forever changed the course of North American history. Yet compared with other momentous conflicts like the Napoleonic Wars or the First World War, the cultural impact of the Seven Years' War remains woefully understudied. The Culture of***

***the Seven Years' War is the first collection of essays to take a broad interdisciplinary and multinational approach to this important global conflict. Rather than focusing exclusively on political, diplomatic, or military issues, this collection examines the impact of representation, identity, and conceptions and experiences of empire. With essays by notable scholars that address the war's impact in Europe and the Atlantic world, this volume is sure to become essential reading for those interested in the relationship between war, culture, and the arts.***  
**SHORTLISTED FOR THE  
BEST FIRST BOOK**

**CATEGORY OF THE TEMPLER  
MEDAL 2016** *At the end of  
1758, Britons could proudly  
boast of the numerous  
victories which had been  
achieved against the forces of  
King Louis XV. Although the  
Seven Years' War, or French  
and Indian War, was far from  
over, 1758 marked a  
significant turning point.  
Uniquely, this book provides  
an insight into the initial  
stages of the Seven Years  
War, and explains why Britain  
failed, despite the many  
advantages which it enjoyed.  
George Yagi employs an  
immense amount of varied  
primary material in order to  
provide the most thorough  
analysis yet of British failure*

***during the early stages of the Seven Years' War. In doing so, it aims to dispel commonly held misconceptions and prove that the reasons for failure are much more complicated than has been assumed.***

***Crucible of WarThe Seven Years' War and the Fate of Empire in British North America, 1754-1766Vintage  
This volume reveals how the Seven Years' War reshaped the geopolitical map of North America and the everyday lives of the peoples within it. The introduction surveys the war as both an international struggle for empire and an intercultural conflict involving Native Americans,***

***French and British soldiers, and the ethnically and religiously diverse population of British North America. A rich collection of primary-source selections recaptures the experience of the war from multiple perspectives and is organized by key cultural, military, and diplomatic themes. Document headnotes, a chronology, questions to consider, and a bibliography enrich students' understanding of this momentous conflict.***

***The history of the Seven Years War***

***Britannia's Tarnished Laurels  
The War That Made America  
The Great Lakes, the Plains  
and the Gulf Coast 1600-1763***

**A People's Army**

**His Britannic Majesty's Army  
in Germany During the Seven  
Years War**

**The Forts of New France in  
Northeast America 1600-1763**

*The Seven Years' War, often called the first global war, spanned North America, the West Indies, Europe, and India. In these locations diseases such as scurvy, smallpox, and yellow fever killed far more than combat did, stretching the resources of European states. In Disease, War, and the Imperial State, Erica Charters demonstrates how disease played a vital role in shaping strategy and campaigning, British state*

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policy, and imperial relations during the Seven Years' War. Military medicine was a crucial component of the British war effort; it was central to both eighteenth-century scientific innovation and the moral authority of the British state. Looking beyond the traditional focus of the British state as a fiscal war-making machine, Charters uncovers an imperial state conspicuously attending to the welfare of its armed forces, investing in medical research, and responding to local public opinion. Charters shows military medicine to be a credible scientific endeavor

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that was similarly responsive to local conditions and demands.

*Disease, War, and the Imperial State* is an engaging study of early modern warfare and statecraft, one focused on the endless and laborious task of managing manpower in the face of virulent disease in the field, political opposition at home, and the clamor of public opinion in both Britain and its colonies.

*The Seven Years' War (1756-1763)*, known as the French and Indian War in North America, was perhaps the first war that might be called a world war. It



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involved the major European countries, North and Central America, the coast of West Africa, the Philippines, and India. A major player in the war was Frederick the Great (1712-1786), the king of Prussia and a great military leader. The first major work on the monarch and his role in the war for more than a century, this book sheds light on many aspects of military and European history.

Discover the remarkable history of the Seven Years' War... The Seven Years' War, also known as the French and Indian War in North America, was fought between 1756 and 1763, and it involved all of

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Europe's great powers and many of the so-called middle powers. The war spanned five continents and divided Europe into two coalitions, one led by Great Britain and the other led by France. By the end of the conflict, Britain would gain control over Canada and Florida, but the war would nearly bankrupt the country as it doubled its national debt. Still, the war marked the beginning of the era of British dominance in North America. France would meanwhile lose all possessions east of the Mississippi River with the exception of two small islands off Newfoundland.

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The war also had profound consequences for indigenous groups in North America. This book tells the story of the little-known but consequential conflict known as the Seven Years' War. Discover a plethora of topics such as Prelude to War: The Ohio Country The European Connection Kabinettskriege: War in the Eighteenth Century The North American Theatre War in Asia, Africa, and South America Legacy And much more! So if you want a concise and informative book on the Seven Years' War, simply scroll up and click the "Buy now" button for instant access!

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*In this pioneering new work, based on a thorough re-reading of primary sources and new research in the Austrian State Archives, Franz Szabo presents a fascinating reassessment of the continental war. Professor Szabo challenges the well-established myth that the Seven Years War was won through the military skill and tenacity of the King of Prussia, often styled Frederick "the Great". Instead he argues that Prussia did not win, but merely survived the Seven Years War and did so despite and not because of the actions and decisions of its king. With balanced*

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attention to all the major participants and to all conflict zones on the European continent, the book describes the strategies and tactics of the military leaders on all sides, analyzes the major battles of the war and illuminates the diplomatic, political and financial aspects of the conflict.

*A Study in Combined Strategy  
England in the Seven Years'  
War: A Study in Combined  
Strategy*

*The Portuguese Army in the  
Seven Years War*

*England in the Seven Years'  
War*

*Empire, Identity, and the  
Arts in the Eighteenth-*

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(Modern Wars In Perspective)  
*Century Atlantic World*

*Frederick the Great and the  
Seven Years' War*

*A Story of the Seven Years'  
War*

The closest thing to total war before the First World War, the Seven Years' War was fought in North America, Europe, the Caribbean and India with major consequences for all parties involved. This fascinating book is the first to truly review the grand strategies of the combatants and examine the differing styles of warfare used in the many campaigns. These methods ranged from the large-scale battles and sieges of the European front to the ambush and skirmish tactics

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used in the forests of North America. Daniel Marston's engaging narrative is supported by personal diaries, memoirs, and official reports.

Demonstrating that the decisive "Seven Years' War" changed the balance of power between the British and French in North America, the author argues that this conflict destroyed the delicate balance of power that gave Native people a voice in the affairs of the continent while creating an "American generation." Reprint. 25,00 first printing.

The participation of the Iroquois of Akwasasne, Kanasetake (Oka), Kahnawake and Oswegatchie in the Seven Years' War is a long

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neglected topic. The consequences of this struggle still shape Canadian history. The book looks at the social and economic impact of the war on both men and women in Canadian Iroquois communities. The Canadian Iroquois provides an enhanced appreciation both of the role of Amerindians in the war itself and of their difficult struggle to lead their lives within the unstable geopolitical environment created by European invasion and settlement.

The army of Frederick the Great of Prussia is generally known as an efficient fighting machine based on brutal and strict drill procedures that led to broken but



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fearless soldiers as well as glorious battle victories. In analysing the mentalities of the men who established Prussia's great power status, Prussian Army Soldiers and the Seven Years' War fundamentally challenges this interpretation. Drawing on a vast array of primary sources (including the writing of regimental chaplain Küster, who could probably be called the first modern military psychologist) and presenting the first English translation of 12 letters of common Prussian soldiers from the Seven Years' War, this book shows that the soldiers were feeling individuals. They were loving husbands, vulnerable little

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brothers, deeply religious preachers, and sometimes even bold adventurers. All these individuals, however, were united by one idea which made them fight efficiently: honour. In Prussian Army Soldiers and the Seven Years' War, the different elements of the Prussian soldiers' concept of such honour are expertly analysed. The result is a nuanced, sophisticated, and much-needed psychological history of Frederick the Great's army. Selections Illustrating Economic History Since the Seven Years' War  
Crucible of War  
The Culture of the Seven Years' War

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A Short History of the French and  
Indian War

Prussian Army Soldiers and the  
Seven Years' War

Commanders, Equipment,  
Uniforms and Strategies of the  
'First World War'

Russia and the Outbreak of the  
Seven Years' War

The globe's first true world  
war comes vividly to life in  
this "rich, cautionary tale"  
(The New York Times Book  
Review) The French and  
Indian War -the North  
American phase of a far  
larger conflagration, the  
Seven Years' War-remains  
one of the most important,

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and yet misunderstood, episodes in American history. Fred Anderson takes readers on a remarkable journey through the vast conflict that, between 1755 and 1763, destroyed the French Empire in North America, overturned the balance of power on two continents, undermined the ability of Indian nations to determine their destinies, and lit the "long fuse" of the American Revolution. Beautifully illustrated and recounted by an expert storyteller, *The War That Made America* is required

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reading for anyone  
interested in the ways in  
which war has shaped the  
history of America and its  
peoples.

In *The Seven Years' War:  
Global Views*, Mark H.  
Danley, Patrick J. Speelman,  
and sixteen other  
contributors reach beyond  
traditional approaches to the  
conflict. Chapters cover  
previously-understudied  
aspects of the war in Europe,  
Asia, Africa, and the Western  
Hemisphere.

Between the Jacobite  
Rebellion of 1745 and the  
American Declaration of

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Independence, London artists transformed themselves from loosely organized professionals into one of the most progressive schools of art in Europe. In British Art and the Seven Years' War Douglas Fordham argues that war and political dissent provided potent catalysts for the creation of a national school of art. Over the course of three tumultuous decades marked by foreign wars and domestic political dissent, metropolitan artists—especially the founding members of the

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Royal Academy, including Joshua Reynolds, Paul Sandby, Joseph Wilton, Francis Hayman, and Benjamin West—creatively and assiduously placed fine art on a solid footing within an expansive British state. London artists entered into a golden age of art as they established strategic alliances with the state, even while insisting on the autonomy of fine art. The active marginalization of William Hogarth's mercantile aesthetic reflects this sea change as a newer generation sought to

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represent the British state in a series of guises and genres, including monumental sculpture, history painting, graphic satire, and state portraiture. In these allegories of state formation, artists struggled to give form to shifting notions of national, religious, and political allegiance in the British Empire. These allegiances found provocative expression in the contemporary history paintings of the American-born artists Benjamin West and John Singleton Copley, who managed to carve a



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patriotic niche out of the apolitical mandate of the Royal Academy of Arts. This book deals with a series of military operations that occurred in Portugal in 1762 and 1763, during the Seven Years' War, and which have been largely dismissed by the historiography. They are collectively called the Guerra Fantastica, 'Fantastical War', given the fact that the military units of the countries involved carried out multiple movements while not engaging in any battle. This work begins with an introduction to the

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phenomenon of war as a whole, to the environment in Europe at the time, and to the military framework of the conflict. It then describes the events that led to the participation of Portugal in the Seven Years' War and the way in which the conflict in Portugal began. It continues with a presentation of the various forces involved. For this purpose, it analyses in detail the weakness of the Portuguese army, the military reinforcements that were obtained from England, and the arrival in Portugal of

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the Count of Lippe, whom the King of England had recommended to the King of Portugal to be the commander of the forces, given his recognized ability for the task. It proceeds with an account of the events of the war, starting with an analysis of the invasion of the North of Portugal by the Spanish army and its later withdrawal to Spain. It continues with a description of how the Spanish army, once strengthened by French units, again invaded Portuguese territory, and the events that occurred until its

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second withdrawal. Despite the numerical superiority of the Bourbon army, the difficulties of the terrain, the efficient command of the Count of Lippe, and the manoeuvres of the Anglo-Portuguese army prevented it from reaching victory and forced its return to Spain. The book is an important piece of research, based on archival material. It explores contemporary correspondence between the Court of Spain and the commanders of the force that invaded Portugal, which is available at the Archive of

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Simancas. It makes use, moreover, of the correspondence between the Secretary of State of Portugal, the Count of Oeiras, and the Count of Lippe, and between the latter and his subordinate commanders, which is extant at the Military Historical Archive of Lisbon. At the same time, this work is reader-friendly, integrating several notes and original documents that help clarify certain of its major points, as well as a list of the units that participated in the military operations.

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The Seven Years War

British Light Infantryman of  
the Seven Years' War

Frederick the Great and the  
Seven Years' War,  
1756-1763

The Seven Years' War and  
the Fate of Empire in British  
North America, 1754-1766

Francis Parkman's Works

The French Navy and the  
Seven Years' War

***The Seven Years? War was the  
world?s first global conflict, spanning  
five continents and the critical sea  
lanes that connected them. This book  
is the fullest account ever written of  
the French navy?s role in the***

*hostilities. It is also the most complete survey of both phases of the war: the French and Indian War in North America (1754-60) and the Seven Years' War in Europe (1756-63), which are almost always treated independently. By considering both phases of the war from every angle, award-winning historian Jonathan R. Dull shows not only that the two conflicts are so interconnected that neither can be fully understood in isolation but also that traditional interpretations of the war are largely inaccurate. His work also reveals how the French navy, supposedly utterly crushed, could have figured so prominently in the War of American Independence only fifteen years later.*

∅ *A comprehensive work integrating*

*diplomatic, naval, military, and political history, The French Navy and the Seven Years? War thoroughly explores the French perspective on the Seven Years? War. It also studies British diplomacy and war strategy as well as the roles played by the American colonies, Spain, Austria, Prussia, Russia, Sweden, and Portugal. As this history unfolds, it becomes clear that French policy was more consistent, logical, and successful than has previously been acknowledged, and that King Louis XV?s conduct of the war profoundly affected the outcome of America?s subsequent Revolutionary War. A People's Army documents the many distinctions between British regulars and Massachusetts provincial troops*



*during the Seven Years' War.*

*Originally published by UNC Press in 1984, the book was the first*

*investigation of colonial military life to give equal attention to official*

*records and to the diaries and other writings of the common soldier. The*

*provincials' own accounts of their experiences in the campaign amplify statistical profiles that define the men, both as civilians and as soldiers.*

*These writings reveal in intimate detail their misadventures, the drudgery of soldiering, the imminence of death, and the providential world view that helped reconcile them to their condition and to the war.*

*The Seven Years War has been described as the first global conflict in history. It engulfed the Euro-Atlantic*

*world from 1756 to 1763, and engaged the energies of European cabinets as never before. More than previous conflicts, the Seven Years War involved a variety of approaches to war, and taxed the military, material and moral resources of the powers involved. Drawing on a diverse array of archival, printed primary and secondary sources, The Seven Years War: A Transatlantic History covers the war's origins, its conduct on land and at sea, its effects on logistics and finance, its interactions with domestic politics, its influence on international relations and its approach to peace. The book highlights the role of personality, alongside the enduring importance of communication, misperception and understanding. In*

*so doing, it endeavours not merely to chronicle the war's events, but to situate them in the context of mid-eighteenth century warfare, finance, politics and diplomacy. The Seven Years War will be of great interest to students of the European history, American history, maritime history, diplomatic and military history.*

*'New France' consisted of the area colonized and ruled by France in North America. This title takes a look at the lengthy chain of forts built by the French to guard the frontier in the American northeast, including Sorel, Chambly, St Jean, Carillon (Ticonderoga), Duquesne (Pittsburgh, PA), and Vincennes. These forts were of two types: the major stone forts, and other forts made of wood and*

*earth, all of which varied widely in style from Vauban-type elements to cabins surrounded by a stockade. Some forts, such as Chambly, looked more like medieval castles in their earliest incarnations. René Chartrand examines the different types of forts built by the French, describing the strategic vision that led to their construction, their impact upon the British colonies and the Indian nations of the interior, and the French military technology that went into their construction.*

*Paths of Glory*

*The Canadian Iroquois and the Seven Years' War*

*Massachusetts Soldiers and Society in the Seven Years' War*

*The French and Indian War and the*

***Struggle for North America,  
1754-1763***

***Allegiance and Autonomy***

***The Life and Death of General James  
Wolfe***

***A Brief History with Documents***

*On May 28, 1754, a group of militia and Indians led by twenty-two-year-old major George Washington surprised a camp of sleeping French soldiers near present-day Pittsburgh. Washington could not have known it, but the brief and deadly exchange of fire that ensued lit the match that, in Horace Walpole's memorable phrase, would "set the world on fire." The resulting French and Indian War in North America became part of the global conflict known as the Seven Years War, fought across Europe, India, and the East and West Indies. Before it ended, nearly one million men had died. Empires at War captures the sweeping*

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*panorama of this first world war, especially in its descriptions of the strategy and intensity of the engagements in North America, many of them epic struggles between armies in the wilderness. William M. Fowler Jr. views the conflict both from British prime minister William Pitt's perspective-- as a vast chessboard, on which William Shirley's campaign in North America and the fortunes of Frederick the Great of Prussia were connected-- and from that of field commanders on the ground in America and Canada, who contended with disease, brutal weather, and scant supplies, frequently having to build the very roads they marched on. As in any conflict, individuals and events stand out: Sir William Johnson, a baronet and a major general of the British forces, who sometimes painted his face and dressed like a warrior when he fought beside his Indian allies; Edward Braddock's doomed march across*

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*Pennsylvania; the valiant French defense of Fort Ticonderoga; and the legendary battle for Quebec between armies led by the aristocratic French tactical genius, the marquis de Montcalm, and the gallant, if erratic, young Englishman James Wolfe-- both of whom died on the Plains of Abraham on September 13, 1759. For many, the French and Indian War has been merely the backdrop for James Fenimore Cooper's famous novel, The Last of the Mohicans. William M. Fowler Jr.'s engrossing narrative reveals it to have been a turning point of modern history, without which the American Revolution as we know it might well not have occurred.*

*This work has been selected by scholars as being culturally important, and is part of the knowledge base of civilization as we know it. This work was reproduced from the original artifact, and remains as true to the original work as possible. Therefore, you*

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*examines the effects of war on the economy and on government finance, finding that the economic toll has usually been exaggerated and the financial toll seriously*

*underestimated. Originally published in 1987. The Princeton Legacy Library uses*

*the latest print-on-demand technology to again make available previously out-of-print books from the distinguished backlist*

*of Princeton University Press. These editions preserve the original texts of these important books while presenting them in durable paperback and hardcover editions.*

*The goal of the Princeton Legacy Library is to vastly increase access to the rich scholarly heritage found in the thousands of books published by Princeton University Press since its founding in 1905.*

*Frederick the Great's struggles during the Seven Years War The Seven Years War, 1754-62, shaped the modern world. It was a truly global conflict fought in India,*

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*America and Europe, as Britain struggled for dominance in trade, colonisation and culture with its principal rival, Bourbon France. European nations formed alliances dependent on need, sentiment or necessity in their relationships with the great powers. The German states of varying sizes and influence were subject to dominant neighbours, and Prussia despite her relatively large size remained surrounded by substantially more powerful and hostile states including Russia, Sweden, Austria and France. Prussia's monarch, Frederick, earned his epithet 'the Great' as much for his tenacity and ability to avert national defeat as for his skill as a strategist and battlefield tactician. This book, written by one of Frederick's own officers combines first hand, eyewitness experience with an historical narrative of Prussia's struggle to assert itself as a major power in Europe. Detail of campaigns, battles and anecdotes*

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*of major and minor characters from the perspective of a Prussian military man combine to deliver a rewarding book for modern readers. This edition offers an unparalleled and immediate account of these momentous times as Frederick fought for survival and, by example, laid the foundations for a unified Germany.*

*Includes useful maps. Leonaur editions are newly typeset and are not facsimiles; each title is available in softcover and hardback with dustjacket; our hardbacks are cloth bound and feature gold foil lettering on their spines and fabric head and tail bands.*

*Empire of Fortune*

*The Forts of New France*

*A Complete Chronology*

*Empires at War*

*British Art and the Seven Years' War*

*The Seven Years War in Europe*

*North America 1757–63*

**The Seven Years War was a**

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global contest between the two superpowers of eighteenth century Europe, France and Britain. Winston Churchill called it “ the first World War ” . Neither side could afford to lose advantage in any part of the world, and the decisive battles of the war ranged from Fort Duquesne in what is now Pittsburgh to Minorca in the Mediterranean, from Bengal to Quèbec. By its end British power in North America and India had been consolidated and the foundations of Empire laid, yet at the time both sides saw it primarily as a struggle for security, power and influence

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within Europe. In this eagerly awaited study, Daniel Baugh, the world ' s leading authority on eighteenth century maritime history looks at the war as it unfolded from the failure of Anglo-French negotiations over the Ohio territories in 1784 through the official declaration of war in 1756 to the treaty of Paris which formally ended hostilities between England and France in 1763. At each stage he examines the processes of decision-making on each side for what they can show us about the capabilities and efficiency of the two national governments and looks at what was involved not

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just in the military engagements themselves but in the complexities of sustaining campaigns so far from home. With its panoramic scope and use of telling detail this definitive account will be essential reading for anyone with an interest in military history or the history of eighteenth century Europe. "This major reference work, in addition to closely following all of the war campaigns (1754-1763) in the colonies and in Canada, also documents the conflict in Europe and other regions of the world, including the battles on the high seas in

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the West Indies, Europe, India,  
and Africa"--Provided by  
publisher.

This title is part of UC Press's  
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commemorates University of  
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seek out and cultivate the  
brightest minds and give them  
voice, reach, and impact.

Drawing on a backlist dating to  
1893, Voices Revived makes  
high-quality, peer-reviewed  
scholarship accessible once  
again using print-on-demand  
technology. This title was  
originally published in 1968.

"A riveting, massively  
documented epic [that]

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overturns textbook clichés....

This impassioned study throws  
valuable light on our history."

--Publishers Weekly

A Narrative Taken from  
Montcalm and Wolfe, The  
Conspiracy of Pontiac, and A  
Half-century of Conflict

The Global Seven Years War  
1754-1763

The Psychology of Honour

The Struggle for North America,  
1754-1758

Global Views

Prussia and the Seven Years'  
War 1756-1763

Crowns, Colonies, and Tribes in  
the Seven Years War in America

**"New France" consisted of the**



**area colonized and ruled by France in North America from the 16th to the 18th centuries. This title, which follows on from Fortress 27: French Fortresses in North America 1534-1763: Qu\_bec, Montr\_al, Louisbourg and New Orleans and Fortress 75: The Forts of New France in Northeast America 1600-1763, takes a look at the forts guarding the frontier defenses of New France from the Great Lakes, down the Mississippi River to the Gulf of Mexico. Among the sites examined are forts Cr\_vecoeur (Illinois), Biloxi (on the Mississippi), St Jean-Baptiste (Louisiana),**

***Natchitoches (Louisiana), de  
Chartres (on the Mississippi),  
Cond\_ (Alabama), and  
Toulouse (Alabama).***

***Drawn from many  
international sources, many  
not employed before in English-  
language publications, Armies  
of the Seven Years War is the  
finest reference work on this  
most complex of conflicts. It  
details the senior  
commanders, uniforms,  
weapons, equipment, artillery,  
strategy and tactics (military  
and naval) of the forces that  
fought - in effect - for world  
supremacy from 1756 to 1763.  
States involved included  
Austria, Bavaria, Britain,***

***Brunswick, Hanover, Hessen-Darmstadt, Hessen-Kassel, France, the Palatinate, Portugal, Prussia, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Württemberg and the minor states of the Holy Roman Empire. The colonial struggle in North America is not neglected. Coverage of the uniforms and colours is in depth. The tactics of the 'horse and musket' era are examined, as are Frederick the Great's abilities as a war leader who led his armies against the rest of continental Europe. With over 280 illustrations and specially commissioned battle maps,***

***Armies of the Seven Years War is an invaluable resource for the modeller and wargamer, as well as a clear analysis of an extraordinary period of international conflict for all those with an interest in the history of empire. William Pitt, 1st Earl of Chatham, Britain's war leader, stated that 'America was won in Germany.' How could Prussian successes on the continent of Europe have sounded the death knell for New France and Spanish ambitions in North America? Armies of the Seven Years War explains the connection and the outcomes of all the complex alliances that led to***

(Modern Wars In Perspective)  
**the 'first world war'.**

**Tormented by agonising illness, British Major General James Wolfe was an unlikely hero. In 1759, however, he led a successful attack on French troops on the Plains of Abraham above Quebec, ensuring that Britain, not France, would become the dominant power in North America. By crippling French ambitions on the continent, Wolfe also paved the way for American independence from Britain. Wolfe won the Battle of the Plains of Abraham - but he lost his life on the battlefield. He was thirty-two years old. His death at the**

**very moment of victory at Quebec gained him posthumous fame and veneration as a founding father of the British Empire, cementing his heroic status on both sides of the Atlantic. Epic paintings of Wolfe's dying moments transformed him into an icon of patriotic self-sacrifice and a role model for Horatio Nelson, the English admiral who fought in the Napoleonic Wars. Wolfe's reputation has recently undergone sustained assault by revisionist historians who cast him as a bloodthirsty and mediocre general who owed his fame to one singularly**

***lucky - though crucial -  
victory. In the first full-length  
biography of Wolfe to appear  
in almost half a century  
acclaimed writer and historian  
Stephen Brumwell draws on a  
wide range of sources - many  
of them previously  
unpublished - to boldly and  
vividly reassess the life of a  
soldier whose short but  
dramatic life altered the  
course of world history.  
Cultures in Conflict addresses  
the broad pattern of events  
that framed this conflict's  
causes, the intercultural  
dynamics of its conduct, and  
its profound impact on  
subsequent events—most***

**notably the American Revolution and a protracted Anglo-Indian struggle for continental control. Warren R. Hofstra has gathered the best of contemporary scholarship on the war (1754-1763) and its social and cultural history. The authors examine the viewpoints of British and French imperial authorities, the issues motivating Indian nations in the Ohio Valley, the matter of why and how French colonists fought, the diplomatic and social world of Iroquois Indians, and the responses of British colonists to the conflict. The result of these efforts is a dynamic**



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***historical approach in which  
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