

The Battle Of Colenso: 15 December 1899 (Battles Of The Anglo Boer War)

This bundle e-book volume contains both 'The Anglo-Boer War' and the accompanying 'Maps, Stats & Facts' volume from Pieter G Cloete.

Contents: 1. 1889-1893.--2. 1894-1898.--3. 1899-1903.

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 3 (of 6) from the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900

The History of the Regiment from Its Foundation, 15th January, 1855, to 30th June, 1911

Warrior and Scholar

The battle of Colenso, 15 December 1899

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 2 From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899

South Africa and the Transvaal War in eight volumes is a historical account of The Second Boer War fought between the British Empire and two independent Boer states, the South African Republic (Republic of Transvaal) and the Orange Free State, over the Empire's influence in South Africa. Initial Boer attacks were successful, and although British reinforcements later reversed these, the war continued for years with Boer guerrilla warfare, until harsh British counter-measures including a scorched earth policy brought the Boers to terms. The work is divided in eight volumes, first of which covering the period from the First Boer War to the beginning of the Second Boer War. Following six volumes deal with the Second Boer War and the last volume is dedicated to the future of South Africa after the war ended._x000D_ Table of Contents: _x000D_ Vol. 1: From the Foundation of Cape Colony to the Boer Ultimatum of 9th Oct. 1899 _x000D_ Vol. 2: From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899 _x000D_ Vol. 3: From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900 _x000D_ Vol. 4: From Lord Roberts' Entry into the Free State to the Battle of Karree _x000D_ Vol. 5: From the Disaster at Koorn Spruit to Lord Roberts's Entry into Pretoria _x000D_ Vol. 6: From the Occupation of Pretoria to Mr. Kruger's Departure from South Africa, with a Summarized Account of the Guerilla War to March 1901 _x000D_ Vol. 7: The Guerilla War, from February 1901 to the Conclusion of Hostilities _x000D_ Vol. 8: South Africa and its Future

This book has been considered by academicians and scholars of great significance and value to literature. This forms a part of the knowledge base for future generations. We have represented this book in the same form as it was first published. Hence any marks seen are left intentionally to preserve its true nature.

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 3 of 6

From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec; 1899

The Battle of Colenso, 15 December 1899

With Numerous Ill. and Maps. From the commencement of the war to the battle of Colenso, 15th dec. 1899

General Catalogue of the Public Library of Detroit, Mich

The Anglo-Boer War was a 'small war', but it left an indelible mark on South Africa and its future and represented a watershed in British Imperialism and the Empire. It was an interesting war with all the elements that makes military history intriguing: David against Goliath, amateurs against professionals, heroes and villains, bravery and cowardice, glory and suffering, brilliant victories and humiliating defeats. Introductory Notes: - Essential information required when visiting battle fields or researching campaigns. 3 Coloured Diagrams - The Composition of a British Infantry Division; Anglo-Boer War Rifles; and Artillery. 3 Coloured General Maps - Southern Africa - The seat of the war; The Anglo-Boer War in Global Context. 5 Coloured Battle Maps - The First Republican Offensive; Field Marshal Roberts' Campaign; The Guerrilla Phase. - The Blockhouse System; The Concentration Camps. 25 Coloured Maps - The Famous Sieges; The 'Black Week' Battles and all the Key Battles and Operations of the War. 8 Fact sheets - The Balance Sheet of Forces; The Butcher's Bill (Casualties); The Concentration Camps. - The Republican Forces; The Commandos; The Rank and Command Structure' - Notes on Marksmanship. - The British and Imperial Cemeteries in South Africa. South Africa and the Transvaal War in eight volumes is a historical account of The Second Boer War fought between the British Empire and two independent Boer states, the South African Republic (Republic of Transvaal) and the Orange Free State, over the Empire's influence in South Africa. Initial Boer attacks were successful, and although British reinforcements later reversed these, the war continued for years with Boer guerrilla warfare, until harsh British counter-measures including a scorched earth policy brought the Boers to terms. The work is divided in eight volumes, first of which covering the period from the First Boer War to the beginning of the Second Boer War. Following six volumes deal with the Second Boer War and the last volume is dedicated to the future of South Africa after the war ended. Table of Contents: Vol. 1: From the Foundation of Cape Colony to the Boer Ultimatum of 9th Oct. 1899 Vol. 2: From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899 Vol. 3: From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900 Vol. 4: From Lord Roberts' Entry into the Free State to the Battle of Karree Vol. 5: From the Disaster at Koorn Spruit to Lord Roberts's Entry into Pretoria Vol. 6: From the Occupation of Pretoria to Mr. Kruger's Departure from South Africa, with a Summarized Account of the Guerilla War to March 1901 Vol. 7: The Guerilla War, from February 1901 to the Conclusion of Hostilities Vol. 8: South Africa and Its Future

From the Foundation of Cape Colony and the Boer Ultimatum to the Conclusion of Hostilities

Lawrence

From the battle of Colenso, 15th Dec., 1899, to Lord Roberts's advance into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900

General Catalogue of the Public Library of Detroit, Mich. Supplement

The Return of Rider Haggard

More than one hundred books have been written about T.E. Lawrence which explore the man and his deeds. Just about every aspect and the many incarnations of his life, his campaigns, the geo-politics of the Arab world, and the influence of the West in it, as Lawrence experienced them, have been examined. However, nobody has gone in search of the mind of the man himself D of his formation and his deep beliefs. Nobody has asked the question, What, really, is the source of the extraordinary qualities of leadership, but also in regard to the sheer range of his activities and accomplishments. Archaeologist, writer, guerrilla warfare theorist and practitioner, diplomat, soldier and airman, Lawrence also possessed an unusual ability to cross boundaries of class, race, culture, and religion. On top of this, he demonstrated the ability to walk away from power and wealth and the accumulation of things D to change his name more than once; to begin again at the bottom of the heap in the RAF. Eand stay there, with only a few friends and books and a motorcycle. Lawrence D Warrior and Scholar is a quest. It examines how a slight Oxford academic combined two of the most challenging paths a man can choose. What drove and motivated this man? How was it that he could apparently out-shoot, out-ride, and out-starve the Bedouin? EHow is it that the US military, and others, are still studying his famous account of the Arab Revolt and his O27 ArticlesO? Drawing upon what Lawrence and those who knew him wrote, and did, and said, Bruce Leigh delves into LawrenceO's personal philosophy and practices, examining and analyzing his library, and his close relationship to the world of classical scholarship and chivalry, emphasizing that LawrenceO's views were not abstractions only, but intimately tied to his actions and deeds. Ultimately, the book argues that there is a message in LawrenceO's writings and activities D one that is against the grain of the world of self-definition by consumption. As one of his friends wrote: OThe Man was great, the message is greater.O

Peter Griffiths highlights the Battle of Colenso, a battle that occurred on December 15, 1899, during the Second Anglo-Boer War (1899-1902), a war that was fought in southern Africa between Great Britain and the South African republics of the Orange Free State and the Transvaal. The battle halted the British advance to relieve the town of Ladysmith. Griffiths outlines the plan of attack adopted by the British general Redvers Henry Buller (1839-1908) for the Battle of Colenso.

The Boer War in Natal

The Battle of Colenso 15th December 1899

Encyclopedia of African Colonial Conflicts (2 volumes)

Boxed set: The Anglo-Boer War 963 Days / The Anglo-Boer War Maps, Stats & Facts

South Africa and the Transvaal War (Vol. 1-8)

Unlike some other reproductions of classic texts (1) We have not used OCR(Optical Character Recognition), as this leads to bad quality books with introduced typos. (2) In books where there are images such as portraits, maps, sketches etc We have endeavoured to keep the quality of these images, so they represent accurately the original artefact. Although occasionally there may be certain imperfections with these old texts, we feel they deserve to be made available for future generations to enjoy.

This text brings together contributions from scholars in South African and imperial history to examine the international dimensions of the war, including a historiographical review of a century of writing on the origins of the war.

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 3 (of 6) From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900

Diary of an African Journey

South Africa and the Transvaal War

From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec; 1899 (Classic Reprint)

The Natal Carbineers

Excerpt from South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 3 of 6: From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec; 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State, 12th Feb; 1900 Surrender of Kuruman, after a stout resistance, to the Boers. Twelve officers and 120 police captured. General French occupied a kopje overlooking Colesberg. Flight of Boers, leaving their wrecked guns and quantities of stores. Brilliant manoeuvre by Lieutenant Colonel Pilcher at Sunnyside. Captured the entire Boer camp, made forty prisoners, advanced and occupied Douglas on Vaal River. Colonel Plumer and Colonel Holdt worth from Rhodesia continued their march to the relief of Mafe king. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

Two volumes introduce the history of colonial wars in Africa and illustrate why African countries like the Democratic Republic of Congo, Nigeria, Somalia, and Sudan continue to experience ethnic, political, and religious violence in the early 21st century. • Begins with a helpful introduction and overview of the topic • Contains alphabetical entries on wars, campaigns, battles, leaders, and other topics related to European colonial conquest in Africa • Includes African rebellions against the early colonial states in the 1890s and early 1900s • Features entries written by scholars in the fields of history and politics • Covers all major regions of Africa as well as relevant European powers • Provides a list of additional sources for further reading

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 2 of 6

Professional Journal of the United States Army

From the commencement of the war to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899

The South African War reappraised

South African and the Transvaal War

Excerpt from South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 2 of 6: From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec; 1899 About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

The Natal Carbineers participated in the invasion of Zululand in January 1879, and on 22 January, 23 members of the Regiment perished in the famous battle of Isandlwana. The unit was subsequently relegated to garrison duties at Landman's Drift on the Mzinyathi, or Buffalo River.In September 1899, the Natal Carbineers was mobilized for active service in the British campaign to subdue the Boer republics of the Transvaal and Orange Free State. Ladysmith, KwaZulu-Natal: From 2 November 1899 until 28 February 1900 the bulk of the Natal Carbineers was besieged in Ladysmith, and played a prominent part in that famous siege. The most prominent military action was the attack by Colonial Forces on the Boer artillery emplacement at Gun Hill on the night of 7-8 December 1899. The Regiment lost heavily from the diseases that ravaged the garrison. A solitary squadron of the Natal Carbineers, the Estcourt-Weenen Squadron, avoided the siege of Ladysmith, and instead participated in the relief operations of Sir Redvers Buller. This squadron's most notable military action of this period was the disastrous battle of Colenso on 15 December 1899, when four men were killed. These were the most serious losses for any one action during the Anglo-Boer War.The Natal Carbineers saw extensive service in the Natal (or Bambatha) Uprising of 1906. From February to July 1906 the Regiment participated in the numerous sweeps and drives through the mountainous terrain of Zululand, as the Natal Colonial forces sought to trap and destroy the elusive 'rebel' warriors. The Carbineers were present at the decisive battle at Mhome Gorge on 10 June, where the back of the uprising was broken.

Vol. 3: From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 3 (of 8) From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900

The History of the Boer War

Supplement

Vol. 2: From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899

The story of the battle for independence from the British Empire in South Africa by "a vivid chronicler of military forces, generals, and wars" (Kirkus Reviews). The Great Boer War (1899-1902), more properly known as the Great Anglo-Boer War, was one of the last romantic wars, pitting a sturdy, stubborn pioneer people fighting to establish the independence of their tiny nation against the British Empire at its peak of power and self-confidence. It was fought in the barren vastness of the South African veldt, and it produced in almost equal measure extraordinary feats of personal heroism, unbelievable examples of folly and stupidity, and many incidents of humor and tragedy. Byron Farwell traces the war's origins; the slow mounting of the British efforts to overthrow the Afrikaners; the bungling and bickering of the British command; the remarkable series of bloody battles that almost consistently ended in victory for the Boers over the much more numerous British forces; political developments in London and Pretoria; the sieges of Ladysmith, Mafeking and Kimberley; the concentration camps into which Boer families were herded; and the exhausting guerrilla warfare of the last few years when the Boer armies were finally driven from the field. The Great Boer War is a definitive history of a dramatic conflict by the author of Queen Victoria's Little Wars, "a leading popular military historian" (Publishers Weekly).

In 1899 Great Britain was at the pinnacle of its Imperial power. Yet the British army was destined to be defeated by a citizen militia composed of South African frontier farmers - the Boers. In one week in December 1899 the farmers of the South African Boer Republics of the Orange Free State and the Transvaal inflicted three serious reverses on British troops. This book sets the battles in context and explains the failure of a professional army, skilled in the fighting techniques of the nineteenth century, when faced with an enemy whose weapons and tactics foreshadowed the warfare of the twentieth.

Colenso 1899

Ladysmith and the Second Boer War

My Reminiscences of the Anglo-Boer War

From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State 12th Feb. 1900

The Great Boer War

In 1914, Haggard, the author of colonialist novels King Solomon's Mines and She returned to a South Africa which had greatly changed since the first visits of his youth. This account of his journey as a member of the British Empire's Dominions Royal Commission offers observations on the changed nature of the country after the Anglo-Boer wars and details a number of aspects of the political landscape, including a description of his interview with the founder of the African National Congress, John Dube. c. Book News Inc.

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General Catalogue of the Public Library of Detroit, Mich. First-third Supplement. 1889-1903: 1899-1903

The History of the Boer War to the Occupation of Bloemfontein

From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec; 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance Into the Free State, 12th Feb; 1900 (Classic Reprint)

The Battle of Colenso 15 December 1899

South Africa and the Transvaal War (Volume III)

Excerpt from South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 2 of 6: From the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec; 1899 Patience, long sick to death, is dead. Too long Have sloth and doubt and treason bidden us be What Cromwell's England was not, when the sea To him bore witness, given of Blake, how strong She stood, a commonweal that brooked no wrong From foes less vile than men like wolves set free, Whose war is waged where none may fight or flee now for loathing. Scarce we hear Foul tongues, that blacken God's dishonoured name With prayers turned curses and with praise found shame, Defy the truth whose witness now draws near To scourge these dogs, agape with jaws afoam, Down out of life. Strike, England, and strike home. - algernon charles swinburne. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

The Anglo-Boer War 963 Days: Maps, Facts & Stats

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 3 From the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899, to Lord Roberts's Advance into the Free State, 12th Feb. 1900

South Africa and the Transvaal War, Vol. 2 (of 6) from the Commencement of the War to the Battle of Colenso, 15th Dec. 1899