

Operating Bail: Decision Making Under The Bail, Etc (Scotland Act) 1980

The study of decisions in the criminal justice process provides a useful focus for the examination of many fundamental aspects of criminal justice. These decisions are not always highly visible. They are made, or dinarily, within wide areas of discretion. The aims of the decisions are not always clear, and, indeed, the principal objectives of these decisions are often the subject of much debate. Usually they are not guided by explicit decision policies. Often the participants are unable to verbalize the basis for the selection of decision alternatives. Adequate information for the decisions is usually unavailable. Rarely can the decisions be demonstrated to be rational. By a rational decision we mean "that decision among those possible for the decisionmaker which, in the light of the information available, maximizes the probability of the achievement of the purpose of the decisionmaker in that specific and particular case" (Wilkins, 1974a: 70; also 1969). This definition, which stems from statistical decision theory, points to three fundamental characteristics of decisions. First, it is assumed that a choice of possible decisions (or, more precisely, of possible alternatives) is available. If only one choice is possible, there is no decision problem, and the question of rationality does not arise. Usually, of course, there will be a choice, even if the alternative is to decide not to decide—a choice that, of course, often has profound consequences.

Operating Bail Decision Making Under the Bail Etc. (Scotland) Act 1980 Stationery Office/Tso

Bail Decision-making and the Role of Pre-trial Detention in American Criminal Justice

A Study of Bail Administration in Rhode Island

Evaluating Decision-making in the Youth Justice Bail Process

Who Knows Best?

Social Influences on the Processes and Consequences of Bail Decision Making

The Ultimate Wardens, Analysis of Subjective Decision-making Factors

District of Columbia Appropriations for 2005

Most people in jail have not been convicted of a crime. Instead, they have been accused of a crime and cannot afford to post the bail amount to guarantee their freedom until trial. Punishing Poverty examines how the current system of pretrial release detains hundreds of thousands of defendants awaiting trial. Tracing the historical antecedents of the US bail system, with particular attention to the failures of bail reform efforts in the mid to late twentieth century, the authors describe the painful social and economic impact of contemporary bail decisions. The first book-length treatment to analyze how bail reproduces racial and economic inequality throughout the criminal justice system, Punishing Poverty explores reform efforts, as jurisdictions begin to move away from money bail systems, and the attempts of the bail bond industry to push back against such reforms. This accessibly written book gives a succinct overview of the role of pretrial detention in fueling mass incarceration and is essential reading for researchers and reformers alike. GERN (Groupement Européen de Recherches sur les Normativités) is a large consortium of scientific researchers in the domain of deviance and social control, more precisely studying delinquency, penal institutions, public policies of security and the importance of penal questions in society. The consortium is multidisciplinary. Today GERN is a scientific network present in ten European countries and abroad, uniting researchers of different disciplines. Each year the GERN organizes a doctoral summer school, giving PhD students from the consortium the opportunity to present and discuss their ongoing projects and research results as well as meet young and senior researchers. This is the third volume stemming from the annual doctoral conferences organized by the GERN. Last edition of the Summer School was held in September 2014 in Porto (Portugal). The selected theme for this Summer School was "Criminology, Security and Justice: methodological and epistemological issues", searching for a fruitful debate about the methodological and epistemological aspects relevant for the development of PhD thesis. Scientific research is, in its essence, critical thinking. What is critical thinking? It is a kind of thinking that differs from magic reasoning, common sense, and speculation. Scientific evidence contrasts with belief, immediate and apparent knowledge, illusion and opinion. This is valid for every knowledge domain that claims to be scientific. It is thus true for the science of crime, criminology. With the inauguration of this Research Paper Series, GERN intends to monitor and disseminate cutting-edge studies into European security issues, reflecting the result of doctoral research in the framework of the GERN. The series provides an excellent platform from which to survey key emergent topics in the field. With this series the editors and authors are contributing to a better understanding of contemporary questions, presenting recent research results and scientific reflection, by devising new approaches and by re-evaluating the heritage of social sciences in this domain. It implies a new openness with regard to other disciplines and to the normative questions arising from the commission of crime and the formal reaction to it by actors in the criminal justice system and beyond.

Taming the System

Bail Decisionmaking and the Role of Pretrial Detention

How Bail and Pretrial Detention Fuel Inequalities in the Criminal Justice System

Model Rules of Professional Conduct

Culture Before Law?

Introduction to Criminal Justice

Criminal Justice in Scotland

This book explores the critical questions of how and why criminal justice policies emerge, and examines how criminal justice policy is understood and applied by practitioners. It questions

whether diversity in implementation implies policy failure or a sign of healthy activism among local practitioners. lied by practitioners.

The best-selling Introduction to Criminal Justice: Practice and Process uses a practical, applied approach to teach students the foundations of the U.S. criminal justice system. Award-winning authors Kenneth J. Peak and Tamara D. Madensen-Herold draw on their many years of combined practitioner and academic experience to explain the importance of criminal justice and show how key trends, emerging issues, and practical lessons can be applied in the field.

Punishing Poverty

An Analysis of the Legal and Social Characteristics Related to the Bail Decision Making Process

Georgia Bail Bondsmen

Comparing Bail Decision-making in England and Canada

A Qualitative Examination of Pretrial Decision-making in Two California Counties

Handbook on Pretrial Justice

The Development and Implementation of Bail Guidelines

Prediction in Criminology is the first book to bring together a wide variety of articles on prediction research in criminology. It stresses not only substantive findings but also the methodology of prediction research, and demonstrates how similar issues arise in many applications: problems of research design, the choice of predictor and criterion variables, methods of selecting and combining variables into a prediction instrument, measures of predictive efficiency, and external validity or generalizability. The collection includes research from the United States, Canada, and Great Britain and will be of interest to an international audience of policy makers, practitioners, academics, and researchers.

Published in 1999. Scottish criminal law and procedure are very different from their counterparts elsewhere in the United Kingdom. This book is the first socio-legal account of the Scottish criminal justice process and its constituent institutions. Its aims are: to explain the operation of the various elements which make up the 'system'; to summarise the considerable volume of relevant Scottish research; and to locate this knowledge within contemporary theorising about criminal justice. To this end, the editors commissioned a team of experts to write chapters on the various stages of institutions of the Scottish criminal justice process. Given Scotland's broad social and cultural similarities to the rest of the United Kingdom, the book also provides a useful comparative perspective which should help to discourage the tendency towards overly ethnocentric theorising south of the border.

The Effects of Pretrial Status on Conviction and Imprisonment

Operations of the Pretrial Services Agencies

Criminology, Security and Justice

The Impact of Empathy, Belief in a Just World, and Attitudes Toward the Justice System on Bail Decision-making

The Bail Book

The Intensification of Institutional Risk Aversion Strategies and the Decline of the Bail Process

A Critical Review of Empirical Research

Bail is a fundamental human right which measures society's democratic credentials. Taken alongside an increasing prison population, there is an urgent need to find alternatives to custodial remands which do not increase risks to the community. This important book evaluates a bail support scheme called the Effective Bail Scheme (EBS), which was the first such scheme directed at adults, and places its findings in the context of bail law and practice. Based on up-to-date research, this book will make a valuable contribution to an under-researched area and provide useful insights for policy makers and practitioners.

Examines the causes for mass incarceration of Americans and calls for the reform of the bail system. Traces the history of bail, how it has come to be an oppressive tool of the courts, and makes recommendations for reforming the bail system and alleviating the mass incarceration problem.

Bail Decision-making

An Analysis of the Effects of Uncertainty on Decision Outcome with a Consideration of the Presence of Selection Bias in Estimation Procedures

Judicial Practices and Decision-making in Pretrial Release

Decision Making in Criminal Justice

Extend the Operations of the Pretrial Services Agencies

A Comprehensive Look at Bail in America's Criminal Justice System

Toward the Rational Exercise of Discretion

The Second Edition succeeds in showing that social psychology has a potent contribution to make to understanding human behavior. Drawing on landmark experiments, real-life cases, and his own valuable insights, Brown analyzes a wide range of subjects including obedience and rebellion, altruism, group decision processes, the psycholegal questions of eyewitness testimony, jury size and decision rule, the psychosexual question of androgyny, the sources of ethnic conflict, and much more.

The Encyclopedia of Psychology and Law addresses the interface of psychology and law and draws from the related discipline of criminal justice. These two volumes represent an outstanding collection of entries describing a wide array of contemporary and historical psychology and law topics. With more than 400 entries, this comprehensive resource is perfect to fill the substantial gap in the holdings of academic, professional, and personal libraries on this topic. Key Themes: Criminal Competencies, Criminal Responsibility, Death Penalty, Education and Professional Development, Forensic Assessment in Civil and Criminal Cases, Juvenile Offenders, Mental Health Law, Police and Investigative Psychology, Psychological and Forensic Assessment Instruments, Psychology of Criminal Behavior, Sentencing and Incarceration, Symptoms and Disorders Relevant to Forensic Assessment, Trial Processes, Violence Risk Assessment. The Encyclopedia of Psychology and Law allows individual students, scientists, and practitioners to keep abreast of the growing knowledge base outside their individual areas of expertise, making it a must-have resource for any academic library.

Highlights and Issues

Practice and Process

The Criminal Process

Hearings Before the Subcommittee on Crime of the Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Ninety-seventh Congress, First Session, on Extend the Operations of the Pretrial Services Agencies, March 31 and April 6, 1981

An Analysis of Factors Determinative of Bail Decision Outcomes

Bail support schemes for adults

Decision Making Under the Bail Etc. (Scotland) Act 1980

Bail is a subject about which there has been increasing anxiety in recent years. This is the report of a detailed study of how bail legislation is being operated in Scotland. The research was commissioned by the Scottish Office Home and Health Department and was carried out by researchers from the Scottish Office Central Research Unit. The researchers observed the working practices of the criminal justice system and looked at the pressures on each part - police, prosecutors and courts - as it carries out its task in assessing whether people should be released or kept in custody before trial or before sentence.

Abstract: This thesis examines pretrial judicial decision-making, specifically the decisions to grant pretrial release and to impose bail. At bail hearings, judges must decide whether defendants should be detained, released on their own recognizance, or granted bail. In California, judges make this decision largely by relying on County Bail Schedules, which are similar to sentencing guidelines and prioritize the seriousness of the charged offense when determining bail. Pretrial detention, whether it is because the defendant is denied bail or because the defendant cannot afford the bail that was set, has negative implications, including the fact that defendants who are denied bail are more likely to plead guilty, and upon conviction are more likely to be sentenced to incarceration (Sacks & Ackerman, 2012). They also face longer sentences than defendants who are released pending trial (Free, 2004; Tartaro & Sedelmeier, 2009; Oleson, Lowenkamp, Cadigan, VonNostrand, & Wooldredge, 2014). Despite the significant impact of decisions pertaining to pretrial release, there is limited research on these decisions, including on the factors judges consider in making the bail decision. This thesis presents findings from a predominantly qualitative study of bail hearings in two California counties. Relying on court observations and interviews, the study examines the factors that influence the imposition of bail. The data indicate that the bail decision is rarely contested, and that bail is usually set in accordance with the County Bail Schedule and without regard to the ability of the defendant to pay.

Bail Decisionmaking in Philadelphia

Law and Practice in Scotland

Judicial Guidelines for Bail

Encyclopedia of Psychology and Law

Decision Making in the Criminal Justice System

The Control of Discretion in Criminal Justice, 1950-1990

Hearings Before a Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives, One Hundred Eighth Congress, Second Session

The Handbook on Pretrial Justice covers the front end of the criminal legal system from pretrial diversion to pretrial detention or release. Often overlooked, the decisions made at the earliest phases of the criminal legal system have huge implications for defendants and their families, the community, and the system itself, and impact the entire criminal legal system. This collection of essays and reports of original research explores the complexities of pretrial decisions and practices and includes chapters in the following broad areas: the consequences of detention, pretrial decision-making, community supervision, and risk assessment. The book also includes a section looking at pretrial justice outside of the U.S. Each chapter summarizes what is known, identifies the gaps in the research, and discusses the theoretical, empirical, and policy implications of the research findings. This is Volume 6 of the American Society of Criminology's Division on Corrections and Sentencing handbook series. The handbooks provide in-depth coverage of seminal and topical issues around sentencing and correction for scholars, students, practitioners, and policymakers.

The Model Rules of Professional Conduct provides an up-to-date resource for information on legal ethics. Federal, state and local courts in all jurisdictions look to the Rules for guidance in solving lawyer malpractice cases, disciplinary actions, disqualification issues, sanctions questions and much more. In this volume, black-letter Rules of Professional Conduct are followed by numbered Comments that explain each Rule's purpose and provide suggestions for its practical application. The Rules will help you identify proper conduct in a variety of given situations, review those instances where discretionary action is possible, and define the nature of the relationship between you and your clients, colleagues and the courts.

Bail Reform Act

Creating Criminality

The Philadelphia Experiment

Volume 1

Hearings Before the Subcommittee on Courts, Civil Liberties, and the Administration of Justice of the Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Ninety-eighth Congress, First and Second Sessions, on Oversight and H.R. 1098, H.R. 3005, and H.R. 3491 ... June 16, July 27, 1983 and May 24, 1984

The Relationship Between Bail Decision-making and Legal Representation Within the Criminal Justice System

Andrew Ashworth and Mike Redmayne address one of the most controversial areas of the entire criminal process - the pre-trial stage. Following the detention of suspects in police custody, the authors examine key issues in the pre-trial process.

The fifth edition of *The Criminal Process* continues in the tradition of previous editions in providing an insightful and stimulating analysis of the key issues in criminal processes and procedures. The authors draw on arguments from the law, research, policy, and principle, to present an authoritative overview of this area of study. This edition includes a new chapter on the interface between criminal and civil (preventive) justice, and the addition of questions for discussion and suggested readings at the end of each chapter to facilitate debate and further research.

Social Psychology, 2nd Edition

The Management of Change in Criminal Justice

Hearings Before the Subcommittee on Crime of the Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Ninety-sixth Congress, Second Session, on H.R. 7084 ... February 13, and March 11, 1980

Prediction in Criminology

Methodological and epistemological issues

Operating Bail

It is a truism that the administration of criminal justice consists of a series of discretionary decisions by police, prosecutors, judges, and other officials. *Taming the System* is a history of the forty-year effort to control the discretion. It examines the discretion problem from the initial "discovery" of the phenomenon by the American Bar Foundation in the 1950s through to the most recent evaluation research on reform measures. Of enormous value to scholars, reformers, and criminal justice professionals, this book approaches the discretion problem through a detailed examination of four decision points: policing, bail setting, plea bargaining, and sentencing. In a field which largely produces short-ranged "evaluation research," this study, in taking a wider approach, distinguishes between the role of administrative bodies (the police) and evaluates the longer-term trends and the successful reforms in criminal justice history.